

The HPV vaccine is a highly effective way to prevent cervical cancer, especially when given at a young age.

How effective? In the U.S. alone, infections with HPV types that cause most HPV cancers have dropped 88% among teen girls and 81% among young adult women. Similar results have been seen around the world.

The recommended age for HPV vaccine is 11–12—for both girls and boys. But vaccination can start as early as age 9. The vaccine produces a stronger immune response when taken during the preteen years.

Simply put—vaccination prevents cancer. Vaccinate early, before kids are exposed to the virus.

Learn more at
www.nccc-online.org



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